

Type EB3C-N Relay Barrier For Intrinsically Safe System [Exia]IIC, [Exia]IIIC

Draw. No. B-1340-2
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Certificate No. IECEX PTB 10.0015

When installing an IDEC Type EB3C-N Relay Barrier (thereafter, called Barrier), make sure it conforms to the following drawings and descriptions as well as all applicable requirements.

IEC Standard IEC 60079-0, IEC 60079-11, IEC 60079-25, IEC 60079-14

All intrinsically safe systems must have "EB3C-N" in the part number. Barrier must be located in a safe area (non-hazardous area). The intrinsically safe apparatus, such as the Contact certified, approved or considered to be a "simple apparatus" such as the Switch specified by standard, may be located in the hazardous area.

- **Servicing – Replacement and Repairs:** Inspection and replacement of Barrier shall not be made until power is disconnected and shall not be connected again until all replacement Barrier are properly re-assembled. All electrical components, including the interconnecting wiring, shall be kept in safe condition. Defective Barrier should be returned to the factory for repair.

Warning ! Substitution of components or unauthorized repair may impair intrinsic safety of apparatus.

- **Mounting :** All bolts, nuts, screws, and other means of fastening, including the unused wiring screws, shall be fastened in place, properly tightened and secured. Mount Barrier on a 35mm track or directly mount on a panel surface using screws.
- **Certified Barrier:** Type EB3C-abcdeN "EB3C-...N"= Series type

a = Output R: Relay, T: Transistor b = channels **01, 02, 03, 05, 06, 08, 08C, 10, 16C**(C: common wiring only)
c = Signal type K: Sink, S: Source (for **08C, 16C**) d = Power supply A: 100-240Vac, D: 24Vdc e = connection Blank: Terminal, -C: Connector

• Rating and Parameters of I.S.

Ta= 60°C, Um= 250V, Uo=13.2V, Io= 14.2mA, Po= 46.9mW at each channel Pn-Nn

Io=227.2mA, Po= 750mW at max 16 channels Pn-Nn

| Io(mA) | 14.2 | 28.4 | 42.6 | 56.8 | 71.0 | 85.2 | 99.4 | 113.6 | 127.8 | 142.0 | 156.2 | 170.4 | 184.6 | 198.8 | 213.0 | 227.2 | Combined Lo(mH) | Note 2 The intrinsic safe apparatus and wirings shall be accordance to following formulas; for examples, $U_i > U_o$ $I_i \geq I_o$ $P_i \geq P_o$ $C_i + C_c \leq C_o$ $L_i + L_c \leq L_o$ |
|--------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------|---|
| Po(mW) | 46.9 | 93.8 | 140.6 | 187.5 | 234.3 | 281.2 | 328.1 | 375.9 | 421.8 | 468.7 | 515.5 | 562.4 | 609.2 | 656.1 | 702.9 | 750 | 1.0 | |
| Co(μF) | 0.67 | 0.65 | 0.63 | 0.61 | 0.59 | 0.57 | 0.55 | 0.53 | 0.51 | 0.49 | 0.47 | 0.44 | 0.42 | 0.39 | - | - | 0.5 | |
| | 0.79 | 0.77 | 0.76 | 0.75 | 0.73 | 0.72 | 0.70 | 0.69 | 0.67 | 0.66 | 0.64 | 0.62 | 0.61 | 0.59 | 0.57 | 0.55 | 0.2 | |
| | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.93 | 0.92 | 0.91 | 0.90 | 0.88 | 0.87 | 0.86 | 0.85 | 0.84 | 0.1 | |
| | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.1 | |

Note 1 Added to above table, the next values combined Lo and Co are allowable;

| Io(mA) | 14.2 | | | | | 28.4 | | | | | 227.2 | | | | | | | |
|--------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|------|------|------|-------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Lo(mH) | 175* | 87.5 | 30.0 | 2.5 | 0.55 | 0.25 | 43.5* | 21.5 | 20.0 | 3.5 | 0.43 | 0.25 | 0.68* | 0.34 | 0.68 | 0.6 | 0.22 | 0.13 |
| Co(μF) | 0.90* | 0.45 | 0.33 | 0.54 | 0.77 | 0.90 | 0.90* | 0.45 | 0.30 | 0.48 | 0.80 | 0.90 | 0.90* | 0.45 | 0.45 | 0.49 | 0.80 | 0.90 |

*: Therefore, the values are allowable only at $L_i \leq 1\%L_o$ and $C_i \leq 1\%C_o$ of the intrinsic safe apparatus.

- **Typical Installation:** Install Barrier must be according to the above Ratings and Parameters of I.S. and descriptions.

To avoid electrical shock, install Barrier in a tool-accessible enclosure.

Layout and wiring must be done to prevent the inductive or capacitive induction to the intrinsically safe circuit. For example, separate intrinsically safe circuits from non-intrinsically safe circuits, by a minimum space of 50mm or using a full height metal separator. If color-coding is required use for the intrinsic safe components and terminals, use only cables and terminals with light blue markings.

Interconnection between the Barriers to setting Common Wiring: connect two independent wires in parallel at each two " N " terminals between adjacent the Barrier inside the panel.

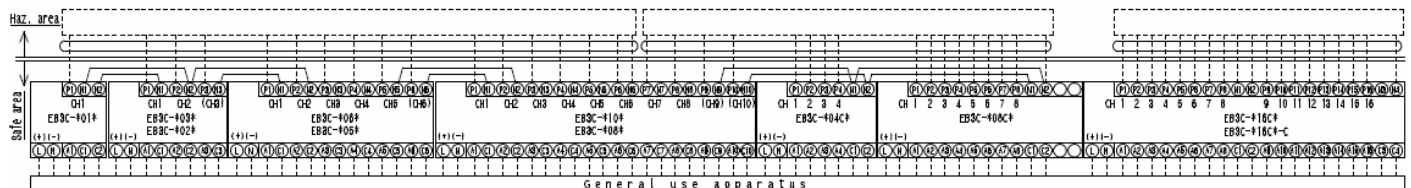
Example of connections: The marks indicate the samples of single intrinsic safe circuits, and marks indicate IS apparatus.

Common Wiring (e.g. Io=227.2mA with 16 channels)

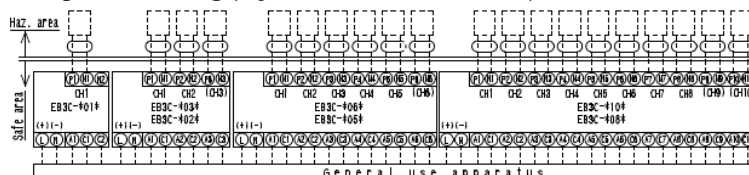
Common max. 16

Common max. 16

Common max. 16



Separate Wiring (e.g. Io=14.2mA with 1 channel)



• Operating rating

| Power input | EB3C-...A | Terminal L - N | 100 ~ 240V AC | |
|-------------|-----------|----------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | EB3C-...D | Terminal + - - | 24V DC |
| Signal | input | EB3C-... | Terminal Pn - Nn | 12V DC, 10mA (source) |
| | output | EB3C-R... | Terminal / Connector | 250V, 3A (but Connector 30V, 1A) |
| | EB3C-T... | An-, Cn | | 24V DC, 100mA |

Note common terminal / connector pin: 8A / 1A